OLD ENGLAND:

OR,

The NATIONAL GAZETTE.

By JONATHAN FREE, *of the Duchy of* Cornwall, *Esq*;

SATURDAY, MARCH 21, 1752. [N°. 93.

Stultus uterq; locum immeritum cauſatur inique,
In culpa eſt animus.——— HOR.

WE began our laſt Paper with what we do not often indulge ourſelves, ——— with general Reflections on a very general Topic; but a Topic nevertheleſs of the firſt Importance to us Mortals, if "*we are neareſt to ourſelves,*" be allowed as true a Proverb in the plural Senſe, as it is trite as well as true in the ſingular.

But we never make theſe general Exordiums without particular Views; in other words, we do not harrangue the Reader in what he already knows, but with a Deſign to tell him ſomething he does not know, or at leaſt ſomething he would not be diſpleaſed to hear again tho' he knew it before. This laſt is not the preſent Caſe. He will obſerve before he gets much farther, an Inſtance of human *Stupidity*, to the unfathomable Depth of which he could not ſuppoſe Men capable of ſinking, and conſequently he will obſerve what he did not ſuſpect, much leſs know, before.

Mr. *Addiſon* ſays, there is not ſo great a Difference in the Intellects of Men as is generally thought. Mr. *Lock* ſaid the ſame before him. They ſeemed to aſcribe to the Force of Education what others, tho' leſs learnedly perhaps more truly, gratefully acknowleged to be the Gift of Heaven. They are undoubtedly great Authorities, but not without their March on the oppoſite Side of the Queſtion. *Horace* more than once expreſsly aſſerts the Rectitude of public Opinion, on a different Occaſion indeed, but which does not make the leſs for our Purpoſe. Some of our own Enquirers into Nature have declared, — Faces do not vary more than Minds; and that there are as many degrees of Senſation in the latter, as of Diſſimilitude in the former. That great Judge of Men, *Bolingbroke*, was of this Opinion: In his *Letters on Patriotiſm*, he reſembles ſome Men to *Dutch Travellers*, with a View to their mean Endowments; and in the ſame Page tells us of the *ætherial Few*, or thoſe of an elevated Underſtanding. I ſhall rank myſelf on this Side of the Diſpute, not only becauſe it is the ſtrongeſt, but becauſe I think it the right Side: As a further Confirmation of which, I ſhall no longer delay the Inſtance of *Stupidity* before mentioned.

I muſt complain to the ſympathizing Reader that the moſt grievous Injury has been done his Author. The laſt Week he will remember to have read a Dream in this Paper: It was certainly a true Dream, but mark the Event.

In the *London Daily Advertiſer* of laſt *Tueſday*, was publiſhed the following Advertiſement:

WHEREAS a Paper entituled *Old England*, publiſhed on the 14th of *March* inſt. contains on three Columns in front, a moſt ſcandalous, malicious and infamous Libel; not only contrary to the ſtanding Rules and Orders of the Honourable the Houſe of Commons now ſitting, by mentioning their Proceedings, but alſo highly reflecting on great Perſonages and Powers not fit to be named by ſuch Miſcreants as the Authors. And whereas the poor induſtrious Journeymen-Taylors are hauled in Neck and Shoulders, to ſupport the common ridiculous Proverb of nine Taylors making one Man, theſe honeſt Well-wiſhers to his Majeſty, his Royal Family, and the preſent happy Conſtitution, take this early Opportunity of expreſſing their Reſentment for making any uſe of their Names, without their Authority; and alſo their utter Deteſtation of any thing ſo ſcandalous and malicious as that appears to them by the Dictates of their Common Senſe, without Learning or Knowlege of Politics. And as they apprehend this has been calculated either by ſome Friend of the Maſter-Taylors, or ſome Perſon who may perhaps, thro' Inadvertency, and not for want of Knowlege, ſent a Man to be whipped by his own ſingle Authority, contrary to Law; they think it now neceſſary to declare, that they will give *Ten Guineas* Reward to any Perſon who ſhall diſcover the Author of the ſaid infamous Libel, in order to ſhew to the World, that it was publiſhed without their Conſent or Knowlege. And ſuch Reward will be paid by Mr. Douglas, their Sollicitor, in the Old-Palace-Yard, Weſtminſter.

March 16, 1752.

"I hereby promiſe to pay to the Diſcoverer of the above-mentioned Libel, the Sum of *Ten Guineas*, provided he make Oath before a Magiſtrate who was the real Author thereof,

Old Palace Yard, Weſtminſter. GILBERT DOUGLAS.

This is the Injury we complain of. What mortal Author can bear to ſee his Meaning ſo miſerably wreſted, and not exclaim againſt *Stupidity!* Let the candid Reader re-peruſe our laſt Paper, if his Memory ſerves him not, and then judge with how much Reaſon we exclaim.

O curvæ in terras animæ———

Orrery has ſeverely cenſured *Swift* for degrading Human Nature: but will any one blame me, if by expoſing I ſtrive to correct it. It would be falling into the Depth of Abſurdity, for which I laugh at others, to give this fooliſh Advertiſement a ſerious Anſwer; or to think that the poor Journeymen had any other Hand in it than they were directed to have; for otherwiſe it would be moſt ungrateful in them to abuſe their Benefactor in ſuch an outrageous Manner.

I ſhall only therefore call upon Mr. *Douglas*, to prove the Paper in queſtion a Libel, as he has been pleaſed to call it; that is, *a Libel on the Journeymen Taylors* he muſt mean: for as *he is not a Secretary of State*, and as he would not meddle with Buſineſs foreign to himſelf, he muſt mean ſuch a Libel or mean nothing at all.

We ſhould have proceeded in our Speculation of *Stupidity*, but that we think it a very diſagreeable Subject. I don't love to ſport with the Infirmities of Human Nature. Beſides, a very importunate Correſpondent demands Admittance.

To JONATHAN FREE, *Eſq*;

SIR,

I WAS at a Diſputing-club the other Night, where the Topic turned on an Enquiry into the moſt uſeful Members of a Community. As there were People of different Occupations among the Diſputants, each of them were for preferring their own.

A Baker had a long Conteſt with a Butcher for the Pre-eminence. Bread was the Staff of Life with one, but the other replied, Man cannot live upon Bread alone. I cannot take upon me to be more particular, than that the ſame Argument ſerved to finiſh both their Diſputes, *viz.* that People might bake their own Bread and kill their own Meat.

The Preſident objected to the Argument, and declared it of a very dangerous Tendency to Society; for ſhould it be allowed a good one, and prevail ſo far as to be put in Practice, Mankind, he ſaid, muſt almoſt revert into a State of Nature; as every Individual would provide for himſelf as well as he could, and ſo in the End deſtroy the very Bands of Society. Commutation would be at an End, and with that, Society itſelf. The Argument was generally condemned, and forbid to be entered into the Archives of the Club.

There were ſeveral other Diſputants of different Profeſſions, ſuch as Shoemakers, Coblers, Porters, Taylors and Attornies; but their Jargon had ſufficiently tortured my patient Attention; and as I got in without knowing, or being known by, any one of the Company, I was ſilently retiring, when my Curioſity engaged a little Delay in my Departure, from hearing the following remarkable Queſtion propos'd:

Whether a *Journeyman Taylor* was not a more uſeful Member of the Community than an *Attorney*?

The *Preſident* (who I was informed was an *Attorney*) ſpoke firſt, and began his Speech with that common-place Line, *Mouſtrum horrendum!* &c. to expreſs his Surprize at ſuch a ſtrange Queſtion. He ſpoke with great Vehemence againſt it, called *it a moſt ſcandalous, malicious and infamous Libel; not only contrary to the Standing Rules and Orders of* the Society now ſitting, *but alſo highly reflecting on* Great Perſonages and Powers *not fit to be named by ſuch Miſcreants as the* Propoſers:——That for his Part, he thought it incumbent on the Society to cenſure the Queſtion, and offer a Reward for the Detection of the Propoſer or Propoſers.

[By this unuſual Circumſtance of the Propoſer's being unknown, I learned that the Queſtions were dropt unſigned into a Box, made like a Letter-Box at a Poſt-Office.]

The *Preſident*, who it ſeems could do as he pleaſed in his own Club, carried his Point ſo far as to offer *Ten Shillings* Reward, and even the poor *Taylors* were browbeat into a Conſent to condemn the Queſtion that, if fairly argued, might in all Probability have placed them above their inſolent *Preſident* in the Opinion of all good Men.

This Fellow's Conceit and Arrogance was ſo intollerable, and my Entertainment ſo diſguſtful, that I determined to quit the Place; and never more to enter a Diſputing-club.

But becauſe I think the Queſtion deſerves ſome Conſideration, and as I am your conſtant Reader, I ſend it you, with my Requeſt of having your Thoughts upon it the very firſt Opportunity, which will particularly oblige

SIR,

Your moſt humble Servant,

New-Palace-Yard,
Mar. 14, 1752. SPECULUS.

I ſhould be very ready to comply with the Demand of my Correſpondent, had it been leſs invidious in the Execution. I have at preſent no Quarrel with any *Gentleman* of the Law, and 'till I, or any of my Correſpondents, have a Cauſe of Complaint that way, I ſhall obſerve one of *Charles*'s twelve Maxims; I ſhall *make no Compariſons.*

J. FREE.

LONDON.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, March, 17.

Orders for the court's changing the morning for the late Queen of Denmark on Sunday next the 22d Inſt. for three Weeks, viz.

The Ladies to wear black ſilk or velvet, colour'd ribbands, fans and tippets.

The Men to continue in black, and to wear coloured ſwords and buckles.

It is expected the following vacant ribbons of the Bath will be given away by his Majeſty next week: Earl of Albemarle's, Earl of Clinton's, Marquis of Rockingham's, Earl of Scarborough's, Sir Charles Poulet's, and Earl of Orford's. One is already filled by Lord Onſlow.

A new writ is ordered for North-Allerton in Yorkſhire, to elect a member of parliament, in the room of Henry Laſcelles, who has accepted of a place.

To-morrow ſe'nnight Lord Anſon will ſet out for Harwich to take the command of the ſquadron which is to convoy the king to holland; his Majeſty intending to ſet out on Eaſter-Tueſday.

Wedneſday ſeveral of the principal Inhabitants of St. Paul's Covent Garden, preſented a Petition to the Right Hon. the Houſe of Peers, againſt the bill now depending for erecting a Town Court Houſe for the uſe of his Majeſty's juſtices of the peace for the city and liberty of Weſtminſter.

The ſame day the ſaid bill for enabling the Juſtices of Weſtminſter to build a Court Houſe, by levying two pence in the pound on the inhabitants, was put off for a month.

The Bill for preventing thefts and robberies, to regulate Places of public entertainment, and to puniſh perſons keeping diſorderly houſes, has paſſed both Houſes of Parliament, and now lies ready for the royal aſſent.

We hear that no public place of Deverſion will be permitted to open till five o'clock in the afternoon, and only ſuch houſes as ſhall have a licence from the lord chamberlain, quarter ſeſſions, &c.

Monday morning died, Thomas Lumley Saunderſon, Earl of Scarborough, Viſcount and Baron Lumley of Lumley caſtle; Lord Lieutenant and Cuſtos Rotulorum of the county of Northumberlond, Vice Admiral of the county of Durham, and Knight of the Hon. Order of the Bath. He ſucceeded his brother in the year 1740. He is ſucceeded in title and eſtates by his only ſon Richard.

On Sunday the Right Hon. the Lord Anſon preſented a petition to his Majeſty in favour of Capt. Lowry.

By the violence of the high wind on Sunday two tier of ſhips were blown from their anchors at Tower Dock, ſome of whom drove aſhore a Iron Gate; one Patrick Bourne died on Monday of the wounds he received by the falling of the chimnies of a public houſe in St. James's ſtreet; a woman in Holbourn was killed by a brick falling on her head; a great quantity of lead was blown from off the houſes on London bridge; ſeveral hundred weight of lead was blown off Chelſea hoſpital, divers trees blown down there and in St. James's park; great part of the windows of the King's ſchool at Weſtminſter blown out; the head of Levi, and the feet of Abraham, in the fine window in the weſt end of Weſtminſter abbey, blown off; a ſtack of Chimnies falling on a houſe in Red Lion market, near Whitecroſs ſtreet, beat in the roof whereby a Man had his Leg broke, and a Child was ſo much hurt that it is ſince dead; a houſe was blown down in Highgate, by which a child was killed, and the nurſe very much hurt; 160 feet of the wall of the King's Bench priſon was blown down; and a ſet of new ſtables at the foot of Walton bridge was blown down at one blaſt.

Monday, at half an hour after eleven, a boat with a ſculler and three men, was overſet in going thro' London bridge, by which accident two of them were drowned.

In leſs than half an hour after the above accident another boat, with men in it, was overſet, and two of them were drowned.

Soon after a lighter laden with coals, ſunk near the bridge, but the man was ſaved.

Tueſday morning the ſeſſions of Peace was held by adjournment at Guildhall, when Sampſon Hodgſon, formerly a baker in Shoreditch, was tried and found guilty of keeping a gaming table in a houſe in Prujean court, in the Old-Bailey. The court ſentenced him to pay a fine of 20 l. to ſuffer twelve months impriſonment in Newgate, and to give ſecurity for his good behaviour for ſeven years, himſelf to be bound in a bond of 200 l. and two ſureties 100 l. each.

Laſt Saturday in the afternoon the aſſizes ended at Chelmsford, for the county of Eſſex, when the eleven following priſoners received ſentence of death, viz.

John Swan and Elizabeth Jeffryes, for the murder of Mr. Joſeph Jeffryes, of Walthamſtow.

Samuel Prior, alias Butcher, for breaking open the Cuſtomhouſe at Colcheſter.

Samuel Yell, for a robbery on the highway.

William Medwell, for returning from Tranſportation.

Joſeph Radcliffe and John Turner, both for horſe ſtealing.

John Hunt, for a Burglary. And,

James Lucy, William Rand, and Brian Ennis, all three for ſheep ſtealing.

The Judge, before he left the town, reprieved the ſix laſt, and ordered the firſt five for execution.

Swan is to be hung in chains on the foreſt near the end of the place where Mr. Jeffryes lived.

Miſs Jeffryes was carried from the goal to the court and back in a mourning coach.

The following remarkable particulars of Miſs Jeffryes's caſe being genuine, at leaſt, not contradicted, we give it the readers as we received it.

" On Thurſday, the day after the conviction of Miſs Jeffryes, ſhe made a full confeſſion of her crime, and ſaid, That her uncle took her under his care at five years old, and debauched her at ſixteen, and lived with her in continual inceſt for ſeveral yerrs, but that of late he had taken a liking to ſome other woman, which occaſioned a jealouſy in her, as being ſlighted both in perſon and fortune.

" That ſhe had had this murder in her thoughts for two years paſt, but never had a proper opportunity of getting it executed before, 'till ſhe engaged and perſuaded Swan, and together with Swan, ſhe offered Matthews money to execute it, who agreed to do it; that upon the night the murder was committed, it was agreed between Swan and her that they ſhould both go up to their Chambers, as if they were going to bed, and as ſoon as the maid had locked her door, and was ſuppoſed to be in bed, Miſs Jefferyes came out of her own room, and went to Swan's, and ſaid *Halloh! are you awake?* he anſwered, Yes; and he was not undreſſed; then ſhe went into her uncle's room to ſee if he was aſleep, and then took a ſilver tankard, a ſilver cup, and ſome ſilver ſpoons, from off a cheſt of drawers in the deceaſed's room; then ſhe and Swan went down ſtairs, and he took out a new ſack from under the ſtairs, and ſhe and Swan put the plate and and ſome pewter and braſs which they took off the ſhelves in the kitchin, into the ſack, 'till ſhe ſaid I can do more. Swan and ſhe then drank each a large dram of brandy; then ſhe went up ſtairs into her chamber, where it was agreed ſhe ſhould undreſs herſelf, and lye 'till a ſignal was given by a knock at the door or wainſcot, that her uncle was murdered, when ſhe was to open her window, and cry out, *Diaper! fire and thieves*, to alarm the neighbourhood. She further ſays, ſhe accidentally fell aſleep as ſoon almoſt as in bed; but on a ſudden was waked by ſome noiſe in a fright, when ſhe laid and liſtened, and heared a violent breathing or gaſping, as if ſomebody was under a difficulty in drawing their breath; then ſhe concluded her uncle was murdered; and then opened her window, and made the agreed alarm; directly after which ſhe came down ſtairs, and Swan let her out of the ſtreet door in her ſhift, when ſhe ran to Mrs. Diaper's door, and as ſoon as he heard the neighbours were coming and thought a ſufficient alarm was made, he opened the ſtreet door again in his ſhirt, and run out as if he was juſt come out of bed in a fright. She further ſays, that previous to the executing this diabolical deſign, they had taken care to cut the wire of the bell on the out-ſide, which went from the maſter's to the maid's room, to prevent his calling the maid."

Swan ſays, that he did not do the murder, but that Matthews, who came in at the garden gate, which Swan left open for that purpoſe, actually did it with one of the deceaſed's piſtols, which was hanging up in the kitchin; and Swan cut a bullet, which he took out of a drawer in the kitchin, to make it fit the piſtol. And he is implacable againſt Miſs Jefferyes for having made any confeſſion of this melancholy and wicked Affair.

Miſs Elizabeth Jeffryes is about 26 years of age, of a middling ſtature, a ruddy complexion, a tolerable good ſhape, but inclinable to be fat, and particlarly remarkable for the neatneſs of her hand. Her uncle, who had acquired his wealth more by his dealings with the Chelſea penſioners than his trade of butcher, could not mend his manners with his fortune, nor ſhake off his original meanneſs, and had not the leaſt notion of politeneſs; he therefore took little care of the education of his niece, and uſed her to that low vulgar company in which he delighted, and even to frequent public houſes: ſhe indeed was naturally endowed with a tolerable ſhare of vivacity, but as it was uncultivated, it generally tended to pertneſs, and vented itſelf in little common place witticiſms: from ſuch an education, no elegance could be expected, and ſhe has ſomething indelicate even in her mien and countenance. John Swan, who was ſervant to her uncle, and convicted along with her, is a ſtout well looked man. The cauſe that inſtigated them to commit the murder, is imputed to an apprehenſion that the niece had entertained of her uncle's intention to alter a will which he had formerly made in her favour, on account of ſome quarrel that happened between them; and that ſhe engaged Swan to aſſiſt her in the crime, with hopes of making maſter of her perſon and fortune by marriage.

Thurſday ſe'nnight, in the morning about ten o'clock, came on at Chelmsford in the Niſi Prius court, before Mr. Juſtice Foſter, the trial of Henry Simons, the Poliſh jew, on an indictment (which had been found by the Grand Jury at the laſt Quarter Seſſions at Chelmsford, and afterwards removed by Certiorari into the court of King's Bench) to be tried at the aſſizes, for an aſſault on Mr. James Aſhley, and putting three ducats into the ſaid James Aſhley's pocket with an intent to charge him with a robbery, and after a trial which laſted 'till nine at night, the jury withdrew, and continued 'till two in the morning, when they delivered their verdict to the judge in his bed, at his lodgings, that the defendant Simons was guilty of the indictment. He is to receive judgment next Term in the court of King's Bench at Weſtminſter.

Wedneſday Richard Adams, Eſq; recorder of this city, waited on his Majeſty with the report of the ſeventeen malefactors under ſentence of death in Newgate, viz.

Samuel Hill, for the murder of Suſannah Crabtree at Poplar.

Michael Macginnins, for the murder of Richard Shears, at Tyburn.

Joſeph Saunders, for the murder of a man on Smallbury Green.

James Hays, Richard Broughton and James Davis, for a ſtreet robbery.

John Ardrews, for forging a ſeaman's will.

Ann Wallſon, for the murder of Ann Ellard by ſtrangling her.

Mary Gilſey, for a robbery in her own dwelling houſe.

William Girdler, for a highway robbery.

Anthony de Roſa, for the murder of Mr. Fargeux, at Hoxton.

Joſeph Gerardine, for the murder of Chriſtopher Albeny.

Barnard Agnew, Thomas Fox, and Thomas Gale, for publiſhing a forged note of Hand. And,

Thomas Hudle, for returning from tranſportation.

When his Majeſty was pleaſed to reſpite James Saunders, and to order the other ſixteen for execution on Monday next.

At the ſame time the report was made of Capt. James Lowrie for the murder of Kennick Hoſſack, a man belonging to his ſhip, who is alſo ordered to be executed next Wedneſday at Execution Dock.

There are letters now in town which mention that Capt. Cranſton is now at Rome, and that he was ſeen there not long ago, by ſome Engliſh gentlemen, in the moſt deplorable Wretchedneſs.

Capt. Cranſton, who is commonly ſuppoſed to have been an officer in one of the Scotch regiments in the Dutch ſervice, was a Lieutenant in our Marines in the laſt war, and upon the reduction of the forces after the peace, he was put upon half pay. After the commitment of Miſs Blandy, meſſengers were actually ſent down to Scotland to apprehend him, but by a ſtratagem, he narrowly eſcap'd. We are aſſured that he has been ſtruck out of the liſt of half pay officers, ſo that the above account is not at all improbable.

In conſequence of a report of Capt. Cranſton's being ſecured in France, it is ſaid that a reprieve for two months is actually ſent to Miſs Blandy.

Thurſday it was currently reported, that the City of Embden, the other Pruſſian Indiaman fitted out this ſeaſon, ran upon ſome ſands as ſhe was coming out of the river Ems, and has received ſo much damage, that 'tis thought her departure will be thereby conſiderably retarded.

Several men of war will in a few days be put into commiſſion.

Tuesday the 10th instant an expreſs arrived at Glouceſter, for the dragoons quartered there, to march to Bradford and Trowbridge, in Wiltſhire, on account of ſome diſturance at thoſe places between the Clothiers and Weavers; and they ſet out on Thurſday ſe'nnight accordingly.

Wedneſday in the afternoon Lawrence Berry came to the Poultry Compter, to ſee Mr. Scott, who a few Days ago was committed there upon ſuſpicion of being guilty of Forgery, when Scott charged Berry with being an accomplice with him in that Affair, and he was detained in cuſtody.

Saturday laſt the houſe of Mr. Edward Smith, a gentleman farmer, within two miles of Newbery, was broke open and robbed of 2300 l. in caſh, beſides a number of bank Bills.

Saturday Edward Head was committed to the New Goal, Southwark, by William Hammond, Eſq; for farther examination, being charged on Oath, on a violent ſuſpicion of ſtealing and carrying away from the ſhip called the Proſpect, at Beachy Head, in the county of Suſſex, two hundred & one quarter weight of Orchilla Weed, and two hundred weight of Logwood, the property of Capt. John Clark and others. This Veſſel was wrecked on the coaſt of Suſſex, and the merchants concern'd in the freight were ſufferers to the amount of ſeveral thouſand pounds, by a number of inhuman plunderers, who upon theſe unhappy events, take advantage of the diſtreſſed, and rob with impunity; but the gentlemen concerned in the property of the merchandize are determined to proſecute theſe atrocious offenders to the utmoſt rigor of the law; and 'tis hoped that ſome of theſe ſavages will be made a public example of.

From Baſtyle, near Coney Hatch, we have the following remarkable account. An honeſt inoffenſive man, who keeps a public houſe there, has the misfortune to have a meer termagant to his wife, whoſe Tongue is ſeldom or ever at reſt, but dailey threatening the deſtruction of her husband: And on Saturday laſt, her paſſion ſeemed to be more violent againſt him than ever, who to avoid her fury, quitted his houſe with great precipitation, and took himſelf to an adjacent wood for ſhelter, where he lay in jeopardy all night, and the greateſt part of the next Day; towards Evening he ſtole from his cover, & with great deliberation, tho' not without ſome terror, he approached his habitation, in hope his wife's paſſion was a little appeaſed; but to his great mortification, ſhe no ſooner had ſight of him, but at him ſhe flew with redoubled rage, ſo that the poor man was obliged to quit the field a ſecond time, and took refuge in a barn, which the not perceiving, took no farther notice 'till night came on, and well knowing there were many different ſorts of combuſtibles in the barn, ſhe ſtole privately with a lighted candle, and ſet fire to it, in ſeveral places at once to ſatisfy her fury by her husband's periſhing in the flames, but happily for him he eſcaped thro' a hole on the oppoſite ſide. The barn being on fire, it of courſe brought the neighbours together, as well to enquire the cauſe, as to endeavour to extinguiſh it; when ſhe, like a true vixen, impudently told them, that ſhe had ſet it on fire herſelf with a deſign to deſtroy that rogue her husband who had taken ſhelter there.

Extract of a Letter from Goſport, March 3.

"At the aſſizes held at the city of Wincheſter for this county (which on account of the great buſineſs at both the Crown and Niſi Prius Bars) did not end 'till Saturday evening; when Stephen Winkworth, for ſending an incendiary letter, without a name ſubſcribed, to the Hon. Mrs. Ann Bridges of Wilton in this county; John Hack, for ſtealing a black gelding; Edward Rood, for ſtealing a fat wether ſheep; and Stephen Crate, removed by a writ of Corpus from Newgate in London, for ſtealing upwards of 50 l. out of the dwelling houſe of Stephen Collins of Kingſclear in this county, received ſentence of Death.

"St. Keith's Chapel, in May-Fair, Hyde-Park Corner, where the Marriages are performed by Virtue of a Crown Stamp and Certificate for a Guinea, is oppoſite the great Chapel and within Ten Yards of it. The Way to the Chapel is thro' Piccadilly, by the End of St. James's-ſtreet, and down Clarges-ſtreet, and turn on the Left-Hand.—Several Perſons belonging to Churches and Chapels together with many others, ſuppoſing the Marriages to be ſacramental to their Intereſt, have made it their Buſineſs to rave and clamour, but in ſuch a Manner, as not to deſerve an Anſwer, becauſe every Thing they have ſaid tends only to expoſe their own Ignorance and Malice, in the Opinion of People of good Senſe and Underſtanding.

Laſt Saturday John Rich and Thomas Cock, two outlawed ſmugglers, were purſued by ſome officers, who overtook them at Milden-Hall, near Barton-Mills, in Norfolk, when Rich diſcharged a piſtol, which wounded one of the officers in the ſhoulder, but another Officer diſcharged at Rich, which kill'd him directly. Cock made his Eſcape.

The number of riding officers on the ſea coaſts have been augmented, in order to put a more effectual ſtop to ſmuggling.

The governor of Curacao has ſeized on two Spaniſh veſſels as repriſals, which have on board a conſiderable ſum of money in pieces of eight.

BANKRUPTS.

Richard Tatterſall, of Burnley in the County of Lancaſter, Dealer and Chapman.

William Soaper, late of Hickman's Folly, near St. Saviour's Dock, Southwark, in the County of Surry, Ropemaker and Chapman.

To Smell to, &c.

The moſt noble Volatile SMELLING BOTTLE *in the World, lately much improved,*

Is now ſold by ſpecial Order of the Author, (ſince Mrs. Markham *is removed from* Fleet-ſtreet) *only at Mr.* Pearſon's *Toy Shop, the Sign of the ſeven Stars under* St Dunſtan's Church *in* Fleet-ſtreet, *and by Mrs.* Wharton, *a Milliner, at the Sign of the* Blue Coat Boy *and* Fan, *near the* Royal Exchange *in* Cornhill, *at 2 s. 6 d. each Vial:*

WHICH ſmelled to, inſtantly relieves Perſons in the moſt diſmal fainting or ſwooning Fits, and in a Moment removes Faintings, Vapours, Dulneſs, Head-aches, Megrims, &c. It takes off all heavy Sleepineſs, retards Swooning, keeps up the Spirits to a Miracle, and not only prevents Fainting, but invigorates and enlivens the whole Man, recreates, and makes chearful, altho' never ſo bad, and in a Moment raiſes all the ſenſitive Faculties.

It is alſo to be taken inwardly by Drops, which effectually takes off and eradicates the very Cauſe; for it potently relieves, comforts and ſtrengthens the Brain, creates and corroborates the Stomach, removes Sickneſs from it helps Digeſtion, cleanſes the Blood; and in a Word, is the greateſt Cephalic, Stomachic, and powerful Aromatic poſſible.

And many Gentlemen and Ladies, by perfuming their Handkerchiefs with a few of theſe Drops, find it of ſingular Service in all the Caſes above mentioned: they uſe it after this Manner, purely becauſe it gives a moſt fragrant and delicious Odour, that inſtantly both delights and relieve the Senſes, not only better than any thing of a muſky Kind, which is really hurtful to moſt Conſtitutions, but it takes off what ſuch Things occaſion: It alſo relieves the Head and Brain from any ill effects of common Snuff; and inſtantly prevents the bad Conſequences of any ſudden, naſteous offenſive Smell; and is therefore extremely neceſſary for all Gentlemen and Ladies, always to carry in their Pockets.

The Incomparable POWDER for cleaning the TEETH,

Which needs no artificial Means to recommend it to the World, its own Virtues being ſufficient; nor did we ever ſeek for a Patent; for, as they ſay, Good Wine needs no Buſh.

Is now Sold by ſpecial Order of the Author, (ſince Mrs. Markham *is removed from* Fleet-ſtreet) *only, at Mr.* Pearſon's *Toy ſhop, the Sign of the* Seven Stars, *under* St. Dunſtan's Church *in* Fleet-ſtreet; *and by Mrs* Wharton, *a Milliner, at the Sign of the* Blue-Coat-Boy *and* Fan, *near the* Royal-Exchange, *in* Cornhill, *and no where elſe in* England, *at* 1 s *each Box, or* 13 *to the Dozen.*

It is ſent for in large Quantities from the Plantations beyond the Seas, where good Allowance is given; and is as effectual in the Eaſt and Weſt Indies as at London.

IT has given ſurprizing Satisfaction to moſt of the Nobility and Gentry in England, near 40 Years laſt paſt that it hath been publiſhed: and vaſt Quantities of it ſtill continue to be ſold, notwithſtanding the many Counterfeits, ſince its firſt Publication.

At once uſing it makes the Teeth as white as Ivory, tho' ever ſo black or yellow before, and effectually preſerves them from rotting or decaying, continuing them ſafe and ſound to exceeding old Age. It wonderfully cures the Scurvy in the Gums, and prevents Rheum and Defluction. It admirably faſtens looſe Teeth, being a neat cleanly Medicine, of a pleaſant and grateful Scent, and in Virtue far exceeds any Thing ever yet found out for thoſe Purpoſes.

The LIP-SALVE,

Which is ſo much eſteemed, and of ſo many Years large Experience and whoſe Virtues vaſtly exceed any of the many Counterfeits, ſince its firſt Publication, is ſold at the ſame Places at 1 s. each Box.

In two or three Hours Time it heals the Lips tho' ever ſo rough or chopped; prevents the Skin from peeling, and makes them delicately ſoft and ſmooth, giving them a becoming rubicund Colour: the Fragrancy of its Odour alſo renders the Breath ſine and ſweet and may be eaten for its ſafety.

This Day is publiſh'd,

The SIXTEENTH EDITION *of*

ONANIA: Or, The Heinous Sin of Self-Pollution and all its frightful Conſequences (in both Sexes) conſidered, with Spiritual and Phyſical Advice to thoſe who have already injured themſelves by this abominable Practice.

As alſo the SIXTH EDITION of the SUPPLEMENT to it, both of them Reviſed and enlarged, and now printed together in One Volume.

And as the ſeveral Paſſages in the former Impreſſions, that have been charged with being obſcure and ambiguous, are in theſe cleared up and explained, there will be no more Alterations or Additions made to them.

Theſe Editions contain ſome further and ſurprizing Inſtances of the Miſchiefs by that filthy, ſinful Commerce with ones ſelf, which is ſo notoriouſly practiſed, as well by the Adult as Youth, Women as Men, Married as Single, to the weakning their Generative Faculties, and hindering Procreation, as their Letters of Complaint to the Author herein inſerted, ſhew.

And, amongſt others, a curious Letter from a Lady, with his Anſwer to it, concerning the Uſe and Abuſe of the Marriage-Bed; together with divers Caſuiſtical and other Letters from both Sexes, of ſome ſecret unnatural Effeminacies, neceſſary to be known both by the married and ſingle of each Sex.

To which is added,

A Curious PIECE tranſlated out of the Latin, from L. S. SCHMEDIER, as it is inſerted in the Acta Lipſienſia, concerning the Return of the Seed into the Maſs of Blood, well worth the Peruſal of Phyſicians, Surgeons, Anatomiſts, and all others of Art and Curioſity.

As alſo Dr QUINCY's Tranſlation of Dr CARR's remarkable Anſwer to a Letter ſent by a Divine, concerning two Nuns in Rome, reported to have changed their Sex.

Likewiſe Dr. DRAKE's and ſeveral other Phyſicians Opinions of Hermaphrodites, and Women brought to a Reſemblance of them, by the Practice of Self-Pollution, as was the Caſe of a young Lady of 18, whoſe well-wrote Letter to the Author, deſcribing and lamenting her Condition, is (in order to deter others) inſerted.

A very grave and learned Divine and Phyſician having peruſed this Diſcourſe, before it went to the Preſs, returned it with his Opinion of it in theſe Words

'This little Book ought to be read by all Sorts of People, of both Sexes, of what Age, Degree, Profeſſion, or Condition ſoever, guilty or not guilty of the Sin declaimed againſt in it.'

Is now ſold (Mr ISTED, Bookſeller, at the Golden Ball, in Fleetſtreet being dead) by CHARLES CORBETT, Bookſeller, at Addiſon's Head, oppoſite St Dunſtan's Church, Fleetſtreet, and by HENRY COOK under the Royal Exchange. Price Bound 3 s. 6 d.

N. B. The Medicines mentioned in this Book are ſold as above.

The moſt wonderful cleanſing and ſtrengthning Drops for all Sorts of Gleets, and Seminal Weakneſſes and Imbecilities of the Generative Parts and Faculties, preventing Miſcarriages in Women; and to cleanſe and ſtrengthen the Reins, Kidnies and Bladder, cure weak Backs, Stranguries, Gravel, and Stoppage of the Urine, and for which it has gained ſuch Repute, that near 30000 *Bottles have been ſold ſince April* 1734, *that they were firſt publiſh'd.*

THESE incomparable Drops, which for the abovelaid Diſorders are not to be equall'd in the whole Art of Medicine, were preſcrib'd by the late Dr. Ratcliffe, for a certain noble Lord, who for a long Time had been vex'd with an old obſtinate Gleet and Weakneſs, of which he was cured by them in a few Days, beyond all Expectation, after he had been harraſs'd with Electuaries, Bolufles, Pills, Potions, Injections, and a hundred other Medicines, for many Months together in vain.

The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to the Doctor's Preſcription (which he has ſtill upon his File) has made Uſe of them ever ſince to Numbers of People in the very worſt of Gleets, ſeminal and genital Imbecilities and Infertilities, Pains in the Back and Reins, Diſorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c. with the utmoſt Succeſs and Safety; as alſo in all Weakneſſes from Strains, as well as Venereal Relicts, exceſſive Coition, Self Pollution, ſeminal Emiſſions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

And as they have never once failed him, even in Caſes thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick: And that the meaner Sort of People might partake of the Benefit of ſo divine a Remedy as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 3 s. 6 d each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects they are worth their Weight in Gold, more eſpecially as one Bottle of them generally Cures, even in the moſt draining Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weakneſſes of the Seminals and Genitals, as alſo of the Back and Reins, that are.

Nor can there be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleanſing and healing, or a more ſtrengthening and invigorating Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will ſay, by their ſoon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies; for it will do more in one Day towards reſtoring in theſe Weakneſſes than any others can in ten, and is of ſo corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely reſty'd upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapſe, even in the tenderſt Conſtitutions, which can hardly be ſaid of any other Medicine; and it is withal ſo elegantly pleaſant to the Palate, and ſo agreeable to the Stomach that the niceſt Perſon is delighted with it.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Drops being dead, they are now Sold only by his Son-in Law, Mr. Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-ſtreet, near Clare-Market, ſealed up, with Directions, for any Meſſenger upon asking only for a Bottle of Drops and paying 4 s 6 d.

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses of all Kinds.

ALL judicious Phyſicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure, even by the very beſt Method and Medicines in uſual Practice, than ſtubborn Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes whether occaſion'd by too ſevere purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Straines, Pollution ſui, or any other Cauſe whatever; and that they are dangerous to make Conſumptions, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain ſince they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous Syſtem, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorſalis, or conſtant pain of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Conſumption which frequently terminate in Death itſelf.

All ſuch therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old ſtubborn Gleets, Seminal Effluxions, Involuntary Emiſſions, exceſſive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakneſs of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetes, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtleſs be glad to meet with a certain, ſafe and ſpeedy Cure, which they muſt aſſuredly may, by the taking only a ſmall Quantity of a tranſcendent Balſamick Reſtrictive Electuary, now publiſhed for a general Good, after having for many Years in private Practice been experienced never once to fail of perfectly curing the moſt ſtubborn Gleets known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as alſo all other Weakneſſes of the Back, Reins, Seminal Veſſels and Urinary Paſſages, which is almoſt inſtantly cures, bringing to right and reſtoring all thoſe Parts and Paſſages to their natural Tone and priſtine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doſes of it only.

This tranſcendent Balſamick Reſtrictive Electuary is neither diſagreeable to take, nor occaſions the leaſt Diſorder, but is wonderfully Reſtorative in all Weakneſs and Decay of Conſtitution of any Kind, and particularly ſtrengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Veſſels, to an immenſe Degree, inſomuch that in any Debility of them, one Doſe of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Perſons fatigued with Gleets or Seminal Weakneſſes of any Sort, or Weakneſſes of the Urinary Veſſels, who take it, will in three Days time find it ſo very effectual, that they will be moſt agreeably ſurpriſed at it.

It is from this its moſt extraordinary Efficacy that ſo many Practitioners in Town and Country, ſend for it for their Patients, as finding it to be the only ſure and infallible Remedy that can be ſafely rely'd upon, in thoſe Caſes.

When a Medicine will infallibly accompliſh ſuch a ſafe, ſpeedy and perfect Cure of ſuch difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been try'd in vain; too much cannot be ſaid in Praiſe of it, and this all who ever took it for any of the above-mention'd Purpoſes, have readily declared.

The Price is but 6s. a Pot, altho' for its abſolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being ſufficient in moſt Caſes to accompliſh a Cure, worth ten times as much, and is ready ſealed up, with a Book of Inſtructions, which whoſoever carefully reads will be complete Maſter of his own Caſe, and perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakneſs he is afflicted with ſucceeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the foul Diſeaſe is entirely extirpated or not.

Note, This fam'd Balſamic Electuary is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's, (Mr. Radford being deceaſed) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles, againſt the Eaſt-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balſamic Electuary. No Letters anſwer'd, unleſs Poſt-paid.

SUGAR PLUMS, for WORMS, &c

THE moſt Curious Purge, for any Body, Where A Fine Purge is Wanted, being as Innocent & Safe, as a Little RHEUBARB, &c.

ſold a Dozen.——Or may buy but ONE Single PLUM, for A PENNY, with Directions, Which is Enough, to bring Away WORMS, &c from a CHILD.

Or 2s. 3 4, Or, Half a Dozen, Or, what You Pleaſe.—Or THREE Dozen for Half a Crown,

To KEEP *in* a FAMILY.

Or to give away,——Or Sell again, And Return what do not Sell

To be Had at Mr. Burchell's, At the ANODYNE NECKLACE, in LONG ACRE, Next Drury Lane, London.

Where are likewiſe to be had The ORIGINAL AUTHOR's

ANODYNE NECKLACES

Price 5s. ſingle, and Allowance by the dozen to ſell again.

And Alſo the Famous Gum-opening Remedy to let out

CHILDRENS TEETH

Prelently without Pain, and by Rubbing it's Gums, Delight the Child,

There not being ſuch Another Help for them, this Day in the World again, Eaſily to have their TEETH.——Price Only SIX Pence, with Directions. Or SIX Parcels for Half a Crown.

AS Mr. Burchell is the ONLY Perſon that Furniſhes Shopkeepers and Others throughout the Kingdom with the ORIGINAL Author's Famous ANODYNE NECKLACES, Sugar Plums, & Remedies in ſecret Caſes,

So, Any Necklaces, &c, If not had from LONG ACRE, Are made up in IMITATION of the Original Author's.

Which are removed to Long Acre from Temple Bar, And, Has

NONE of His Necklaces Sold, BEHIND the ROYAL EXCHANGE,

Where He has no Manner of Dealings At All.

The only ſhort and infallible Cure for that reigning Diſeaſe the SCURVY *and all Scorbutic Humours, tho' arrived in the higheſt or moſt inveterate Degree, or of ever ſo many Years ſtanding, and that without a ſenſible Evacuation, or the leaſt Purging, which, by an unaccountable Miſtake, is generally adviſed, altho' always found rather to encreaſe and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.*

By the ſo much fam'd and moſt peaſant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the leaſt Trouble, Confinement, or any Diſorder whatever, do at once ſtrike at the true Cauſe of the Scurvy, and entirely deſtroy it, and all Scorbutick Humors and Effects, Root and Branch, ſo as never to return again, as many Thouſands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them in Three Days time are convinced; for they almoſt inſtantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, ſweeten all the Fluids, cleanſe them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Scorches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakneſs of the Limbs, languid Heavineſs of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakneſs of the Back, and all the vaſt Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often lies conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatiſm, and many other Diſtempers.

And for ſtrengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, cauſing a regular and eaſy Digeſtion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Diſorders of the firſt Paſſages, (whence proceed Head-Achs, Vapours and other Indiſpoſitions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them; inſomuch that beſides infallibly curing the Scurvy in all its Shapes and Appearance they aſſuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickneſs in Virgins, Worms of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almoſt all other Chronick Diſeaſes which are chiefly occaſioned by Indigeſtion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Diſeaſes.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Reſtorative, ſtrengthen and clean the whole Machine, and as ſoon as taken, make the Patient pleaſantly lightſome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Perſons, to preſerve as well as to procure a ſound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation theſe ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Chymical DROPS have ſo univerſally gain'd among Perſons of eminence, for their ſuddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors, and other Chronick Diſeaſes, in ſuch an eaſy and agreeable Manner, have occaſioned many to imitate them, ſome under the ſame, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be ſure to have the Right, which, by the Author's ſpecial Appointment, are to be had, only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Poſts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions.

For the direct Cure of IMBECILLITY *or* IMPOTENCY *in* MEN, *whether occaſioned, by* Pollutio ſui, *Seminal Weakneſſes of any kind, or any other Defect of the Generative Faculties.*

And alſo

Of BARRENNESS *in* WOMEN, *tho' of many Years Continuance, and proceeding from draining Weakneſſes, Coldneſs of Conſtitution, or any other Cauſe whatever.*

The Famous and Ineſtimable

PROLIFICK ELIXIR,

The higheſt, richeſt, and moſt powerful Cordial in Nature is recommended,

BEING the only true and Infallible Cure for Impotency in Men and Barrenneſs in Women, in the Univerſe, and which it at once accompliſhes without the leaſt Trouble, even after all other Remedies have fail'd, as Thouſands have Experienced, and that by promoting the chearful Curricle of the Blood and Juices, raiſing all the Fluids from their languid depreſſed State, to one more florid and ſparkling; opening all Obſtructions, fortifying the Nerves, encreaſing the Animal Spirits, reſtoring a Juvenile Bloom, and evidently replenishing the criſpy Fibres of the whole Habit, with a generous Warmth and balmy Moiſture, and thereby invigorating it to ſuch a Degree as not to be imagin'd, but by thoſe who have experienced how exceedingly and ſuddenly it renovates, recruits and powerfully ſtrengthens all the Animal Faculties, and Generative Powers in both Sexes. It inforces a bright lively Diſpoſition, baniſhes Melancholy, and inſpires Mirth and Gladneſs of Heart beyond Expreſſion.

Abundance of Ladies, who for ſeveral Years were deem'd incurably Barren, have after twice taking it, conceived and became Fruitful, and great Numbers of Gentlemen, who by faſt living, Strains, or Self Abuſes, had render'd themſelves incapable of Procreation, have ſoon been enabled by it to propagate their Species, inſomuch, that very many illuſtrious Families, who, for want of Children, were almoſt inconſolable, are now bleſt with happy Iſſue, and are (under Providence) indebted to this Great Medicine for their Heirs.

It rectifies all Diſorders of the Stomach, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digeſtion, and in all Weakneſs of Body, or Decay of Conſtitution of any Kind, is a moſt infallible Reſtorative, and even ſeems to keep back the Effects of Old Age it ſelf.

It is to be taken but a few Drops at a Time, has a very fine Flavour, is pleaſant to the Palate, Cordial to the Stomach, and can be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Poſts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, London, at 5s. a Bottle, ſealed up with inted Directions, and Advice at large.

The So much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriach Melancholy* in *Men*, and the *Vapours* in *Women*, to as never to return again, be they ever ſo ſevere, or of many Years ſtanding, and even when all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual; and that by immediately ſtriking at the very Root or true Cauſe, as well as removing the Effects, of thoſe perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick, by Turns, almoſt all the Diſeaſes poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Riſe from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigeſtion of Food, whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Diſorders in the firſt Paſſages, ill Fumes, ſour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneaſineſs in the Bowels, which Crudities offend the Nerves, and by Conſent of Parts affect the Head, and produce ſometimes Giddineſs, Dimneſs of Sight, confuſed Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troubleſome Sleep, Frights, groundleſs Fears, and the deepeſt Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehenſions; unaccountable flutterings, ſhifting Heats, Reachings, Faintneſs, Lowneſs and Sinking of Spirits and Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs, and other Parts, with many convulſive Diſorders, ſharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakneſs in the Back, and other almoſt innumerable and grievous Symptoms, which miſerably afflict vaſt Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their ſharpeſt Paroxyſms, theſe ſoveraign fam'd and moſt pleaſant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the moſt valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the higheſt Degree of Perfection poſſible) inſtantly quell, and at the ſame time annihilate their real Cauſe, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, rectifying the Digeſtion, occaſioning laudable Chyle, and, of courſe, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves; ſo that both Cauſe and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are thoroughly removed by them, almoſt on the Spot, as the many Thouſands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be ſenſible they are abſolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and laſting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them, 'tis therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only of Mrs. Holt's, at the Croſs-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill, London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions and Advice at large.

For the VENEREAL DISEASE.

THE ſhorteſt, ſafe, and regular Cure, this Day in the World, from the ſlighteſt Infection to the moſt inveterate Degree of it, by a Medicine as pleaſant to take, and as eaſy in its Operation as it is effectual in its Cure; ſo that the unfortunate Patient gets ſuddenly and ſurprizingly well, without Diſtaſte to his Palate, the leaſt Diſorder of Body, or any Confinement whatever. This is that great Remedy, now ſo well known and long experienced to be truly infallible, and is the Grand ANTI-SIPHYLICON that Radcliff and Garth uſed to ſay would totally extirpate the Venereal Diſeaſe from the Face of the Earth, were it but univerſally known, and properly taken. Freſh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their cruel attendant Symptoms, it preſently cures; and if taken in Time, even prevents their taking Place. It is a ſafe, gentle, and pleaſant Family Purge, even for Children as well as grown Perſons, in all Caſes where Purging is neceſſary; nor can the deepeſt Scurvy, Rheumatiſm, Gout, Evil, or Leproſy, ſtand before it, but are pleaſantly cured and thoroughly extirpated by it, as well as the higheſt and moſt inveterate State of the confirmed Venereal Diſeaſe; which, with all its moſt raging Symptoms, it ſoon eradicates, reſtoring Health, Strength, and Vigour to the Body.

Hence it is, that ſo many Practitioners in Town and Country ſend for it for their Patients, as finding it abſolutely to be depended upon, and much more ſafe and effectual than any other Medicine whatever. Thoſe who once take it, will never have Recourſe to any Thing elſe. One Pot in moſt Caſes is ſufficient for a Cure.

Price 6s. a Pot, ſealed up with a Book of Inſtructions, by which all Perſons may fully underſtand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the Venereal Poiſon is rooted out of their Bodies. Note, This Grand Anti Siphylicon is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceaſed) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles againſt the Eaſt-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot of Scurvy. No Letters anſwered unleſs Poſt-paid.

To Perſons of either Sex,

Afflicted with any Species of the PALSY, *or other* Nervous Decays.

NEVER were NERVOUS DISEASES, PALSIES, and PARALYTICK DISORDERS ſo frequent as of late they have been, nor have the uſual Remedies been found adequate to thoſe pertinacious Diſtempers: This occaſioned a Phyſician, who employed his Thoughts much concerning them, to adapt a Medicine, a Sovereign Elixir particular to, and effectual for, the Palſy, and all other Nervous Complaints now reigning, which, after he had experienced on vaſt Numbers of Perſons of both Sexes, and always with ſurprizing Succeſs, even ſo as infallibly to cure by it the Palſy, and all Paralytick Effects and Nervous Diſorders, he permitted it to be made publick for the general Good, that ſo thoſe labouring under theſe miſerable Ailments might know where to meet with a ſafe and moſt certain Cure, which it accompliſhes in ſo ſhort a Time, and with ſuch Eaſe and Pleaſure (a few Drops of it being a Doſe, highly agreeable to the Palate, and comforting to the Stomach and Bowels) as is almoſt incredible to relate.

But the taking one Bottle of it only demonſtrates its prodigious Efficacy to every one, and the Patients ſoon finds all Numbneſs, Deadneſs, and ſhaking, or Reſolution of the Nerves, as well as all convulſive, cramp-like, or painful Contractions of them, vaniſh and return no more, and this, though theſe Diſeaſes have been of many Years ſtanding, and whether occaſioned by long Illneſs, faſt Living, hard drinking, or any other Cauſe; for it performs all that can be wiſhed for in Nervous Caſes, creates an Appetite, expells Wind, rectifies the Digeſtion, occaſions laudable Chyle, attenuates the Blood and Juices, cauſes a free and regular Circulation of 'em thro' the Capillary Veſſels, revives and increaſes the Spirits, warms, comforts, ſtrengthens, and replenſhes the Brain and whole Nervous Syſtem, hence the Sinews, Tendons, Ligaments, and all the other feebled Parts are invigorated, the Limbs reſtored to their priſtine Steadineſs and Strength, and the Palſy and all Paralytick Diſorders and Nervous Decays ſuddenly cured by it, to the Admiration of the Patients themſelves, and all about them.

This ſovereign and incomparable Elixir is perm tted to be ſold at Mrs. Holt's, at the Croſs Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions at large.

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